



Name	: 4-H Club:
Ar	swers to these questions can be found in the "Swine Resource Handbook" 4-H 134 R
1.	Chapter 3 discusses how to select your pig to exhibit at the fair. It is very important to select pigs that will be the right weight and size by fair time. Expect the average growth rate for a feeder pig to be pounds daily gain.
2.	In chapter 4, pork muscle quality is discussed. Fresh port should be in color.
3.	Proper nutrition for your pig is reviewed in chapter 8. Water is the largest component of the
	pig's body. How often should water be provided to your pig?
4.	How much water does a pig need to drink for every pound of feed it eats?
5.	When reading a feed tag, the main ingredients are listed first. In the sample tag on page 8-
	what is the main ingredient in the feed?
6.	How many days prior to slaughter should this feed be removed?
7.	Chapter 9 discusses diseases and their control. When do outbreaks of Swine Flu most often
	occur?
8.	List two symptoms of swine flu.
	a
	b
9.	Chapter 10 deals with ear notching. Ear notching is the most common method for permanent pig identification. The right ear is used for the The left ear is used to show
10	Peferring to page 10.2 in your manual, identify our notch numbers for the pictures below:
10	. Referring to page 10-2 in your manual, identify ear notch numbers for the pictures below:
	THE STATE OF THE S

things should you provide for optimal performance?	Эе
a	
b	
C	
12. In Chapter 12, you will learn about showing your animal. How soon before the swine show should you begin taking your animal out on daily walks?	
13. When driving your pigs, do not or them.	
14. Which direction should you brush your pig?	
15. List three things you need to do the day of the show.	
a	
b	
C	
16. Chapter 24 discusses caring for your animals. Once your animal arrives and is in your care	,
what is an important first step?	
17. Be sure your animal is receiving nutrition it needs in relation to its,, a purpose.	and
lease answer the general questions below.	
18. Why did you select this project?	
19. What type of housing did you provide your animals?	
20. In 4-H project pigs, a female is called a and a male is called a	





Name:		4-H Club: _	4-H Club:	
Answers to	these questions can be t	ound in the "Swine Re	source Handbook" 4-	H 134 R
1. Referring	to the chart in Chapter 3, I	abel the part of the follow	ving parts of the pig:	
NECK LOIN	FORERIB RUMP	KNEE DEWCLAW	BACK JOWL	
5				
2. In chapter	r 4, pork quality is discusse	ed. What is marbling? _		_
	arbling desirable in meat?			
4. Chapter 8	s talks about nutrition. Nut	rients are supplied to ani	mals in the food materi	
5. For pigs,	feedstuffs usually include	, soybean oil	meal,	and

6.	In chapter 12, you will learn about showing your pig. When showing your animal, always keep				
	the animal between	and the			
7.	When the judge approaches for close inspection, assist him byfrom the front end.				
8.	List the three acceptable a	reas to "tap" you pig:			
	a				
	b				
	C				
9.	Proper training of your anir	nal for the show ring should only include techniques that offer no animal. Aggressive use of the cane or whip may cause			
10	.What is the only way to acl	nieve that polished, confident look in the show ring?			
11.	Chapter 14 deals with work and are easily frightened o	r spooked.			
12.	chores. To help prevent ac	eans of controlling animals while allowing easy access for routine ccidents, keep walk and work surfaces properly and and			
13.	needs to begin at an early	ng for animals. Training animals and acquainting yourself with them age or as soon as your acquire your animal. You should spend time			
14.	. As you work with your aning each other's movements.	mal, you both develop and become accustomed to			
15.	.Match the Pillar of Charact	er to its description.			
	Trustworthiness	a. treat others as you want them to treat you			
	Respect	b do your best, be a good example			
	Responsibility	c. being committed to the welfare of your community			
	Fairness	d. being honest, standing for what is right			
	Caring	e. judge people on their merits or good things they do			
	Citizenship	f. use the same rules or standards for everyone			





Grade 5

Na	ame:		4-H Club:	
	Answers to thes	e questions can be found ir	the "Swine Resource H	landbook" 4-H 134 R
1.	List three charact	eristics you need to consider f	or project selection as fou	ind in chapter 3:
	a			
	b			
	C			
2.		are discussed in chapter 9. diseases common to swine:		
	a	b		
	List two	internal parasites common in	swine:	
	a	b		
	List two	external parasites common i	n swine:	
	a	b		
3.	Look in Chapter 9	and find a parasite or disease	e. What disease or parasit	te did you choose?
	Explain how you	would treat or manage the disc	ease or parasite?	
4.	Refer to page 10-	2 in your manual to notch the	ears for the pigs below to	match the corresponding
	intermark and intermediate	invidual pig Iliaik.		
	14-6	3-4	82-2	12-7

Purdue University is an equal opportunity/equal access/affirmative action institution.

5.	Chapter 11 is about space requirements for your hog. Pen shape is important because pigs
	"toilet train" better in pens. The best design for a pen is at least
	as long as it is wide.
6.	From chapter 11, list four reasons from why animal waste (manure) must be managed:
	a
	b
	C
	d
7.	In chapter 12 you will learn about showing your pig at the fair. Bringing your animal to the fairgrounds causes them to be stressed. After arrival, you should water and rest your pig for about hours before feeding it.
	If the weather is hot, use a to help keep your pig cool.
	While exhibiting at the county fair, remember that many people will be looking at your project. Not only is this good practice to help your animals, it may also be the first or only impression someone may have of 4-H or agriculture. List three things you should do for your pig while at the fair:
	a
	b
	C
8.	Chapter 14 deals with working safely with swine. Swine are generally color blind and have poor depth perception. This results in extreme sensitivity to contrast, which may cause the animal to balk at or from light to dark. Allow time for their senses to get acclimated (used to) the new
9.	Refer to the list on page 24-5. List 4 things on the list that you are already doing.
	a
	b
	C
	d
10	List two things you want to improve in your care of your animal:
	a
	b
	Purdue University is an equal opportunity/equal access/affirmative action institution.

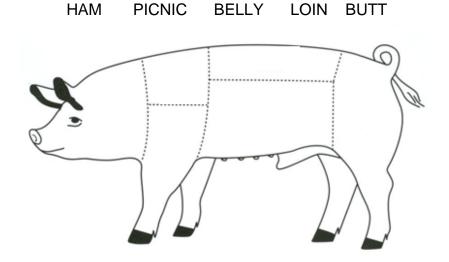




Grade 6

Name:	4-H Club:
Answers to these questions can be foun	nd in the "Swine Resource Handbook" 4-H 134 R
 Characteristics you should look for in characteristic to its description. 	your project pig are listed in chapter 3. Match the
CONFORMATION	a. Proportion of body parts
MUSCLE	b. Pork industry's number one enemy
FAT	c. Basic body design
STRUCTURE	d. General body shape of the pig as determined by its skeleton and muscles
CAPACITY	e. Ideal pattern is long, thick and smooth.
BALANCE	f. Important for maintaining health, intake of feed, and adequate reproductive volume

2. Chapter 5 talks about pork products and how pigs contribute to the Consumer Market. Label the picture below with the main or "wholesale" cuts of pork that come from a market pig.



3.	In chapter 6, the nutritional value of pork is discussed.	What is the leanest pork cut choice,
	as lean as skinless chicken breast?	

4.	List the five categories of nutrients essential to swine as discussed in chapter 8:
	a
	b
	C
	d
	e
5.	Chapter 9 discusses diseases. The chronic disease is estimated to infect 90% or more of swine herds in the Midwestern United States.
6.	In chapter 12 you will learn about showing your pig. What are three things you can do if the temperature is high and your hogs are really hot at the fair?
	a
	b
	C
7.	Chapter 13 deals with selling your project animal. If you sell your animal in the auction,
	regardless of the amount you receive, you should always write and send a
	the buyer.
8.	In chapter 15, selection of breeding stock is discussed A breed or line of swine that have
	been selected for a specific purpose over a period of time is a
9.	is mating animals from different breeds or lines.
10	The crossbred female is the basis for more than of commercial swine produced in the United States.
Answer th	ne general questions below.
11.	.What did you feed your project animal?
12.	.Reading the feed tag, what are the two main ingredient in your feed?
13	. How did you provide minerals and vitamins to your animal?





Name:		4-H Club:	
Answers	s to these questions can be found	in the "Swine Resource Ha	andbook" 4-H 134 F
I. When sele	ecting a project pig, what are charac	teristics you should look for a	as discussed in
chapter 3?	?		
2. How is mu	uscle structure best observed?		
	uctural soundness important?		
thousands	discusses how pork products are us of hog heart valves have been successive operation?	sed. Hogs are powerful med	icine! Tens of
5. List 10 by-	products of swine: 1	2	
3	4	5	
6	7	8	
9	10		
nutrient.	alks about nutrition for your pig. List		he most essential
C			

7. Wet feeding is commonly known as your pigs. When wet feeding,
it is important that is does not sit as it can
8. In chapter 9 you will learn about diseases and their control. How are internal parasites usually acquired?
9. How are internal parasites controlled for the swine herd?
10. What are the most common external parasites of swine?
11. What is a sign that a pig has an external parasite?
12. Chapter 11 deals with space requirements. List three things that determine a pig's environmental needs.
a
b
C
Answer the general questions below from your experience.
13. Raising pigs can be expensive. Estimate some of the costs of raising your project pig.
Feed
Vet/Medical
Housing & bedding
Show equipment
14. Explain how you lower the annual cost of raising your project pig.





Name:	4-H Club:	:
Answers to these questions can	be found in the "Swine F	Resource Handbook" 4-H 134 R
Chapter 3 discusses selection of your control of your con	our project pig. Why is bod	ly capacity important?
2. In chapter 4 quality is discussed. V	•	·
List the four characteristics desired		
a		
b		
C		
d		
4. In chapter 5 you will learn about po	rk products. Explain how h	nogs serve essential medical needs
in		
humans.		
Match the industrial by-product with	n the pig part that it is made	e from, you may use each answer
more than once.		
Bone China	Insulation	a. Blood
Cement	Linoleum	b. Bones & Skin
Chalk	Protein Source	c. Bone Meal
Cosmetics	Soap	d. Dried Bones
Fabric Dye	Upholstery	e. Fatty Acids & Glycerin
Gloves	Water Filters	f. Hair
Chapter 11 deals with space requir can happen when soils containing 		animal. List two negative things that water.

difficult. How should you handle	e these animals?
8. Chapter 24 deals with caring for caring for your project pig.	animals. List 5 responsibilities of the 4-H member regarding
a	
b	
C	
d	
10. Why is identification of your proj	ect pig important?
	nce Chart on pages 24-8 and 24-9, match the injection type with
its description.	
Intramuscular (IM)	a. deposits drug under the skin
Subcutaneous (SQ)	b. Should only be used by a veterinary
Intraperitoneal (IP)	c. deposits drug into the muscle
12. What information should be reco	orded when you give medication to your animal?
13. List some skills gained you have	e gained by showing animals in 4-H.



Name:	4-H Club:	
Answers to these questi	ons can be found in the "Swine Resource Handbook" 4-H 134	R
In chapter 6, you will learn a meats for fat, calories and comments.	about the nutritional value of pork. How does pork compare to other holesterol?	! r
Chapter 7 discusses the dig to the correct digestive traction.	estive system of swine. Write the letter next the word that corresp placement.	onds
STOMACH	_LIVERPANCREASCOLON	
CECUM	DUODENUMRECTUM SMALL INTESTINE	
3. In chapter 8 nutrition is disc	ussed. What are carbohydrates and fats important in a pig's diet?	

1. Anemia 2. Ileitis 3. Mycoplasma Pneumonia 4. Parvovirus 5. Salmonellosis 6. Swine Influenza	 a. Pigs have a dry, nonproductive coughthat is most noticeable after exercises. b. Virus that causes a short but severe respiratory disease episode. c. Bacterial infection that leads to septicemia and pneumonia. d. Iron deficiency, pale skin and unthrift appearance. e. Infection causing reproductive failures. f. Bacteria infect the intestinal tract causing it to become thickened and diarrhea. 	e.cH
5 Refer to the Pillar of Character on page 24-21. that pillar during this 4-H year.	List one pillar and describe how you will praction	се
6. Chapter 25 talks about careers in animal science careers?	·	:ience
7. If you were going into a career in the swine indu	ustry, what would you choose to do and why?	
Answer the following questions based on your exp 8. On average, how many hours per week have yo	ou spent with your animal?	
9. List any health problems and/or medications &	vaccinations given to your animal.	
Health Problem/Vaccinations	Treatment Date	
10. When considering the cost of raising your anir	nal and your expected income from the sale of	that





Nan	ne: 4-H Club:
	Answers to these questions can be found in the "Swine Resource Handbook" 4-H 134 R
1.	Chapter 4 discusses pork quality. Every market hog should have its carcass evaluated for what
	four important traits?
	a
	b
	C
	d
2.	What primarily determines the value of a market hog at slaughter?
3.	In chapter 8, you will learn about the different nutrition groups your pig needs. Write the correct nutrient group beside each feed ingredient.
	A. Energy B. Protein C. Mineral D. Vitamin E. Water
	Whole Grain Oats Vitamin Pre-Mix Bone Meal
	Corn Gluten Meal Milo H2O
	Blood Meal Soybean Hulls White Salt
4.	Chapter 12 talks about showing your 4-H pig. What are some concerns for the producer regarding clipping a pig prior to showing?
	In addition, how could clipping affect the hog?
5.	Proper show ring ethics are important. During your time in the show ring at the fair, you are
	representing yourself, your family, the 4-H program and the entire livestock industry. What car
	you do to be sure you are being represented in a positive way?

6.	Chapter 17 discusses genetics. Genetics are important because they help determine how an animal will perform under different types of management and environmental situations. Name four traits influenced by genetics that are economically important to swine herds.
7.	You might be asked questions at the fair from someone who does not know anything about pigs In chapter 23, you will learn about dealing with the public regarding your project animal. Name two ways to deal with questions from an interested citizen. a. b.
8.	Chapter 24 discusses caring for your animals. What two records should you keep from the day you acquire your pig until the day it leaves your care?
9.	Why should you keep these records?
10	. Answer the following question based on your experience with your animal.
11	. Raising swine can be expensive. List your actual or estimated expenses below.
	Cost of Animal
	Feed Costs
	Vet/Medical fees
	Housing /bedding
	Breeding fees
	Transportation fees
	Show Equipment
	Registration fees
	Other
	TOTAL EXPENSES
	INCOME FROM SALE OF ANIMAL
	INCOME OR LOSS \$





Na	me:	4-H Club:
	Answers to these questions can be	found in the "Swine Resource Handbook" 4-H 134 R
1.	Chapter 3 discusses how to select a p	oig. What are five points to consider in appraising muscling
	in a hog?	
	a	
2.	In chapter 5 you will learn about how	pork by-products play a vital role in maintaining and latch the pharmaceutical by-product to the animal organ it is
	derived from.	iatori uro priarmacouncar sy product to uro arimiar organi it is
	Cortisone	a. Adrenal Glands
	Estrogens	b. Blood
	Heparin	c. Intestines
	Insulin	d. Ovaries
	Oxytocin	e. Pancreas Gland
	Pepsin	f. Pituitary Gland
	Plasmin	g. Skin
	Porcine Burn Dressings	h. Stomach
	Thyroxin	i. Thyroid Gland
3.	Chapter 15 deals with breeding. The the sow herd. What does the word "s	success of a swine project is based on the soundness of
		odificios filodif:
4.	What are the three areas of particular	concern in evaluating soundness of a sow?

5.	Chapter 20 talks about caring for a sow during farrowing and lactation. What is the goal of a swine breeding project?
6.	What are some of the ways this goal can be attained?
	
7.	Now that your sow had provided you with a large healthy litter, Referring to chapter 21, what are the six steps that may be involved in processing the piglet? a
	b
	C
	d
	e
	f
8.	What is tail docking?
9.	Why is tail docking important?
10	When should tail docking be done?
11	After reviewing chapter 24, list some of the benefits you have gained from showing an animal.
	2. Provide an example of what you consider an unethical practice in the show ring. Explain how
	you would handle the situation if you witnessed this happening.
	,
	·

Purdue Ur	niversity is an	equal access/	equal opportu	nity institution.	





Na	me: 4-H Club:
yo	e questions on this year's worksheet are to encourage you to set goals and reflect upon what u learned during your 4-H tenure. As you answer the questions, think about what you learned 4-H and what you would like to get out of your final year in the swine project. Your workshee grade will be based upon how completely and thoughtfully you answer each question.
. V	When you turn in this worksheet, include a picture of yourself with your favorite swine.
2. V -	Vhat are your goals for the swine project this year?
- 1-	
3. \	What steps will you take to meet your goals?
1. I	In what ways have you mentored younger 4-H members in the swine project?
E	Llow has your experience in the swine project halp you to become a batter leader and/or citizen?
5.	How has your experience in the swine project help you to become a better leader and/or citizen?
6.	Describe some skills you have learned through participation in the 4-H swine project.

			AAN-1		Assessment of the second	
		2.450				
	Titue Salente					
				Aller Rolling		
					-	
/abash Co	ounty 4-H could	to develop leade better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s	skills in older 4-	-H members	s in the sw
/abash Co roject. In a	ounty 4-H could addition, what id		he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
/abash Co roject. In a	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
/abash Co roject. In a	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
/abash Co roject. In a	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
Vabash Co roject. In a eadership o	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
/abash Co roject. In a	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
Vabash Co roject. In a eadership o	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
Vabash Co roject. In a eadership o	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw
Vabash Co roject. In a eadership o	ounty 4-H could addition, what id	better develop tl deas do you hav	he leadership s e for giving old	skills in older 4- er 4-H membe	-H members	s in the sw

Purdue University is an equal opportunity/equal access/affirmative action institution.