Extension - Dearborn County

May 1, 2024

Dog Exhibition

State 4-H Dog Project web page address: https://extension.purdue.edu/4-H/projects/4-h-project-dog.html You will find many resources and necessary forms on this page.

Dear Dog members.

Looking forward to the 4-H dog show this year? Wanted to share some information about the upcoming show. Make sure to bring the vaccination form to the show. You will present your 4-H folder for review, with vaccine form, the day of the Dog Show. If you have questions, please call the Extension Office.

Dog Handbook Information

Please see State Fair Rules for showing at state fair as they may vary.

Participation in the Dog Daze County 4-H Dog Club is highly recommended. The dog club meets throughout the year and teach dog obedience with the 4-Hers and their dogs. The dog clubs are a great way to pick up training techniques.

Please note: Certain required vaccinations have not been proven effective in wolf-hybrids, therefore, because wolf-hybrids cannot meet the vaccination requirements of the Indiana Board of Animal Health, wolf-hybrid dogs cannot be shown in the 4-H dog program. Dogs must comply with county ordinance.

On the day of the show all equipment will be put away and area cleaned up prior to awards being handed out

General rules:

- 1. Dog must belong to the exhibitor or to a member or his/her immediatefamily.
- 2. A 4-H member and his/her dog must go through the project together.
- 3. A member may show only ONE dog.
- 4. Dogs must be at least 6 months old by May 1 of the first year toparticipate.
- 5. -For obedience, dogs must wear well-fitting slip collars of leather, fabric or chain.
 - -For agility, dogs must wear buckle collar, no tags hanging.
 - -For showmanship, dogs can use martingale or slip collars
 - **NO PRONG COLLARS OR SHOCK COLLARS are to be used for any class.**
- **6.** All dogs must be on a leash or crated while not being shown.
- 7. Health Certification forms can be picked up at the extension office and may be found at https://extension.purdue.edu/dearborn and printed online, and completed by your veterinarian.

Indiana law requires rabies vaccinations to be administered by a licensed and accredited veterinarian. If home vaccination is done for the other 4-H mandatory immunizations, you must have the receipt of purchase and the label from the vial(s) attached to this form. Leptospirosis and Bordetella must be given annually. When using 3-year vaccines all paper work must be accumulated

- and maintained by the 4-Her for the 3-year period.
- **8.** A dog may not be exhibited showing any signs of a communicable disease.
- 9. Dog may be registered, grade, male or female.
- 10. Any dog displaying signs of aggression will be excused from classes and unable to participate in show.
- 11. Female dogs in season will not be allowed to show. Females due to whelp nearshow date will be excused from the show by the Dog Project Superintendent.
- 12. Record sheets should be included in your green record book and turned in. You mustbring your dog's health certification forms the day of show.
- **13.** Dogs must have county license.

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14. Refer to CH. 90 county ordinance- 90.35 Human care & treatment required

Completion of project:

- · Participate in county fair dog show.
- If unable to attend dog show due to conflicting situation or dog unable to show because of death, injury, females in season, or illness, alternative completion will be based upon approval of Dog Species Chairman and the Extension Educator/4-H Youth Development.
 - o Encouraged to attend all training meetings.
 - Attend at least one demonstration or workshop (nursing home visit, community demonstration, fair demonstration, workshop, etc.)

ALL JUDGING IS TO BE DONE BY THE JUDGE.

Obedience:

- Please refer to <u>Indiana 4-H Showing in 4-H Dog Obedience</u> for rules and classes as aguide. Discretion will be up to the judge.
- If a class requires you to be off leash and you choose to go on leash, then it will be up to the judge how it will be handled.
 Agility:
- Please refer to Indiana 4-H Dog Agility Guide (4-H-1020-W) for rules and classes as aguide. Discretion will be up to the judge.
- If the class requires you to be off leash and you choose to go on leash, then it will be up to the judge how your score
 will be decided.

Showmanship:

- Junior: (Grades 3-5) during the current year. The Junior Showmanship winner is onlyeligible to compete in the Intermediate or Senior Showmanship Classes in subsequent years.
- Intermediate: (Grade 6-8) during the current year. The Intermediate Showmanship winnermust compete in the Senior Showmanship class in future years.
- Senior: (Grade 9 and above) during the current year. The Senior Showmanship winnermust compete in the Supreme Dog Showmanship class the same day.
- Supreme Showmanship Class: Consists of the Senior Showmanship winner and the previous year Supreme Showmanship winner. 1st place winner will be classified as "Supreme Showman" (trophy). 2nd place winner will be classified as "Reserve Supreme Showman" (rosette).
 - If the previous Supreme Showmanship returns, the previous year Reserve Supreme Showman will return to Senior Showmanship class.
 - If the previous year Supreme Showman does not return, the previous year Reserve Supreme Showman will compete as Supreme Showman.
 - If both Supreme showman and Reserve Supreme Showman do not return the following year, there will
 not be a Supreme Showmanship class for that year. The following year, the Sr. Showmanship winner
 will show in the Supreme Showman class.

Elizabeth Beiersdorfer

4-H Youth Development Educator

Enclosures



2024 Certificate of Completion of Indiana 4-H Requirements for Training and Exhibition of Dog (Vaccination Form)

4-H-671-W (revised 10/23)

The 4-H member should hand-carry this completed form to all 4-H Dog Events. Failure to meet	Name of dog
guidelines, an incomplete form or outdated vaccinations will result in ineligibility from Indiana 4-H Dog Events.	Color and Markings
4-Her's Name	BreedDate of Birth
Grade in School County (County you are enrolled in 4-H)	Sex:MaleCastratedFemaleOVH (spay)
Address(Street or P.O. Box)	Is this dog microchipped: Yes No If yes, list the number:
(City) (State) (Zip)	Required Vaccinations All dates to be filled in; ditto marks will not be accepted. Date Administered:
To be filled in by 4-H Dog project leader This dog is eligible to be shown in the following levels: Obedience	Rabieslyr3yrvet ¹
Showmanship Agility	DHPP1yr3yrvetnon-vet ²
(If dog has received no training in agility please write N/A for Agility.)	Leptospirosis (annual)vetnon-vet
Dog's height at withers for any agility or obedience classes 4A and above inches	Bordetella (annual)vetnon-vet² (Kennel Cough)
X 4-H Dog Project Leader (Signature) (Date) (Verifies level of showing and 4-H membership) Leader's phone #	The following medical diagnostics and products are recommended: • Annual Heartworm Test, Fecal Parasite Exam, Flea Preventative (Flea and tick collars are not allowed in the State Fair show ring).
 Dogs must be parasite free (including fleas) to be admitted to the show. A dog with any sign of a communicable disease or aggression will not be admitted. 	Check one: This dog has physical limitations and should not participate in agility or jumping exercises. This dog has no physical limitations that would prevent it from participating in agility or jumping exercises.
• This original form MUST be brought by the 4-H member to all 4-H Dog events.	By signing, the veterinarian certifies that this dog has
• For disability needs, please notify your Extension Educator, 4-H leader or the show chairperson.	been examined and administered the rabies vaccination.
Female dogs showing signs of estrus or who are in their final two weeks of pregnancy will not be admitted to the show.	Veterinarian (Signature) (Date) Print name
Indiana law requires rabies vaccinations to be administered by a licensed and accredited veterinarian. If home vaccination is done for the other 4-H mandatory immunizations, you must have the receipt of purchase and the label from the vial(s) attached to	(Address)
this form. Leptospirosis and Bordetella must be given annually. When using 3 year vaccines all paper work must be accumulated and maintained by the 4-Her for the 3 year period.	(City) (State) (Zip) (Phone)
I hereby certify that the dog described on this form has met the a	bove vaccination requirements.
X 4-H member (Signature) (Date)	
	4-H parent or legal guardian(Signature) (Date) the above is complete and accurate)

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DOG RECORD

Dr. Clint Rusk, Extension Specialist - 4-H Youth and the State 4-H Dog Advisory Committee Record for Year



4-H 390-W Revised 1998

Member's Name	Date of Birth				
Complete Mailing Address	·	Month	Day	Year	
R.R., Box, Street	City		State	Zip	
County Township	·	,		•	
You show in			Yr. in 4-H (including this yr.)		
Level of obedience training attempted (check or					
	le):		Auxiliary 2 check all that app		
First Year-Section A			oncon an man app	Pry)	
First Year-Section B	Fourth Year-Section A				
First Year-Leader Dog A	Fourth Year-Section B	Coun	ity Drill Te	eam	
First Year-Leader Dog B	Fifth Year-Section A	Novi	ce Showm	anship	
Second Year-Section A	Fifth Year-Section B		r Showma		
Second Year-Section B	Sixth Year-Section A	Interr	nediate Sh	nowmanship	
Third Year-Section A	Sixth Year-Section B	Senio	r Showma	nship	
Third Year-Section B	Veteran's	Other	r (List)		
In Previous training of dog (level and location)	formation about Your Dog				
Dog's Name Date of Rabies Shot Parvovirus Date Kennel Cough (Bordetella)					
Date	D ./				
Date project was started:		eted:			
	mary of Expenses and Time	ì	(OPTION) [
Feed Cost		İ	Place	ĺ	
Health Care & Veterinary Expenses					
Equipment & Supplies		ļ	a picture	!	
Miscellaneous Expenses		[of you and	- 1	
TOTAL			your dog	ļ	
Total hours spent in training, grooming and exerc	ising		here	!	
have reviewed this record and believe it to be co					
Signature of Leader				Beginning)	
Signature of Leader	Date			(Midway)	
Signature of Leader	Date		(C	onclusion)	

DOG MANAGEMENT WORKSHEETS

- 1. The following tables are designed to be a diary of expenses and should be completed on the day of each purchase. Use additional sheets as necessary.
- 2. If you have more than one dog, prorate the cost and enter only the portion used by this dog.
- 3. Transfer the total to the Summary of Expenses.

TOTAL FEED COST

COST			brush,	dish, toys,	SUPPLIES: beauty aids,	dog hous	se, e
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TAL FEED COST				TC	TAL COS	ST	
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CARE & VETERINAR butering, medicine, routin	Y EXPEN te check-u	ISES: p, etc.)	MISCE. (Dog tax	LLANEOU k, transport	JS EXPENS ation, clippi	SES: ing and g	roor
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TOTAL COST

Workshops and/or clinics in which you have participated with your 4-H dog this year

Date	Topic(s)	Location

Shows/exhibits in which you have participated with your dog this year

Date	Location	Class	Score	Placing	Premiums
		_			

Time Record

Month	Hours Spent Training	Hours Spent Grooming	Hours Spent Exercising
TOTALS:			GRAND TOTAL

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Angulation. Angle made by bones at a joint, as "shoulder angulation" or "hock and stifle angulation."

Apple Head. Rounded or domed skull.

Bat Ear. Carried crect, rounded tip.

Beard. Tuft of hair under the jaw or chin.

Belton. Two colors on one hair, as Orange Belton or Blue Belton in English Setters.

Bite. Said of the teeth. Perfect bite usually means that the upper and lower front teeth meet evenly, or like the blades of seissors.

Blaze. Streak of color between the eyes.

Brindle. Streakings of color on a darker ground color.

Brisket. The chest or rib cage between and just behind the front legs.

Canine Teeth. The four sharp-pointed cutting teeth, sometimes called "tusks." Upper canines are called the "eyeteeth."

Chops. Lower cheeks.

Clip. The pattern or style of clip placed on a dog, such as a Poodle.

Close-Coupled. Dog with a short loin and back.

Conformation. The structure and form of a dog as defined by its standard.

Cow-Hocked. Said of a dog whose rear pasterns and paws point outward with the hock joints close to each other.

Crop. Refers to trimming of a dog's cars.

Croup. The area of the back where the tail joins the body.

Cur. A mongrel dog of no breed identity.

Dam. The mother of puppies. The male is the "sire."

Dewclaws. Useless, extra toes set higher on the leg than useful ones and on the inside. Some breeds require two such extra toes on each hind leg.

Dewlap. Loose fold of skin under the chin of some dogs.

Dish-faced. When the top jaw line is concave--the opposite of Roman-nosed.

Dock. To shorten or remove a dog's tail.

Down In Pastern. Said of a dog whose pastern is weak, making a pronounced angle between the paw and front knee.

Feather. Fringe of hair on legs and tail,

Fiddle Front. Bowed front legs, with elbows out from body, knees close together, and toes pointing out.

Flews. Loose-hanging lips, as in Bulldogs.

Front. Said of the chest and legs of the dog when viewed from the front.

Gait. Method of walking. Used as a command, as "gait your dog."

Grizzle. Gray, or pepper-and-salt colors.

Haw. The red membrane around the eye.

Height. The perpendicular measurement of the dog from the ground to the highest point of the shoulders or withers.

Hock. Joint formed by second thigh and back pastern.

In-breeding. Breeding of closely related animals, such as mother to son, brother to sister.

Incisors. Front teeth of each jaw between the canines.

Knee. Foreleg joint between elbow and foot, Hind-leg joint between tibia and femur.

Leather. The car flap of hounds and spaniels.

Litter. Puppies born to a bitch in one group.

Loins. The sides between the ribs and hipbones.

Mask. Dark color on the muzzle, as in Boxers, Great Danes.

Merle. Gray base color with darker center, as Blue Merle Collies.

Muzzle. The jaws, lips and nose.

Neuter. An animal who's sexual organs have been removed.

Occiput. Bump at the top rear of the skull in most breeds.

Out at Elbows. Elbows turned out from body.

Pad. Horny cover of the paw cushion.

Pastern. Part of foreleg between knec and foot, or between the hock joint and paw of the hind leg. Plume. Feathering of the tail. Said of Pekingese, Collies.

Pom-pom. Ball of hair left on end of the tail of Poodles.

Prick Ear. Ear carried erect,

Puppy. By usage, any dog under one year old.

Ring Tail. One that curls into a ring at the end.

Rose Ear. Ear which folds back to expose part of inner ear.

Sable. Black or very dark brown. Often a lighter shade at base with black tips.

Screw Tail. Kinky, twisted tail.

Shelly. A flat, narrow body and insufficient depth of chest,

Sickle Tail. Tail curved up into sickle fashion.

Smooth Coat. Short, flat coat.

Snipy. Narrow, short muzzle insufficient to balance skull.

Spay. To remove ovaries and prevent having puppies.

Splay Foot. A flat foot with toes spread, little cushion, and often with nails growing crookedly.

Squirrel Tail. Curving forward over the back.

Stand-Off Coat. The outer coat stands straight out from the body.

Stern. The tail.

Stifle. The joint formed by the upper and lower thighs.

Stop. The area between the eyes and between the skull and muzzle.

Straight Shoulders. Poor angulation of shoulder bones.

Sway-Back. A concave top line between withers and hips.

Testicle. The sperm producing organ of the male dog.

Tri-color. Dogs of three colors, usually black, tan, and white.

Tuck-up. Abdomen drawn up tight to loins.

Tulip Ears. Carried creet with tips falling forward.

Undershot. Under jaw longer than upper, projecting lower teeth beyond upper. The opposite of overshot.

Walleye. Blue eye as in Blue Merle Collies, Harlequin Danes, Dalmatians. Sometimes called china eye.

Withers. Top of shoulder blades at junction of neck.

Books for Reference: The Complete Dog Book (1972), published by the American Kennel Club, 51 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10010.

The Dog Dictionary by Edwin Megargee.